Open Borders: The Case Against Immigration Controls (2nd Revised edition)

By Teresa Hayter

Pluto Press. Paperback. Book Condition: new. BRAND NEW, Open Borders: The Case Against Immigration Controls (2nd Revised edition), Teresa Hayter, 'A very impressive achievement.' Ann Dummett, founder, Joint Council for the Welfare of Immigrants 'Teresa Hayter has written a formidably comprehensive book on the history, mechanisms, and debates surrounding immigration controls in Britain. The crux of Hayter's argument is that immigration controls do not, will not, & should not work. essential reading.' Red Pepper In this new edition of Open Borders, Teresa Hayter assesses the impact of the increasing severity of border controls since they were first introduced and makes the controversial case for their abolition. Hayter focuses on postwar immigration controls, especially the use of such controls against the peoples of former European colonies and East Europeans, and their effects on asylum seekers. She examines the recent history of European coordination of border controls and the notion of 'Fortress Europe'. Hayter argues that the existence of controls leads to great suffering and abuse of human rights, and that immigration controls are racist and help legitimate racism. She demonstrates that immigration controls have actually had a limited impact on controlling numbers. To illustrate her arguments, she draws on empirical material,...

Reviews

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Most of Hayter's arguments against border controls are political and moral. The book dwells in depth on how immigration controls are by their nature racist (in that they always aim to exclude particular distinct groups) in that they cause massive suffering, cost billions and promote racism. This is indisputable and it is passionately argued from the perspective of an activist closely involved in struggle for example around Campsfield detention centre in England. I think that a book addressed to the case against immigration controls would be much better ammunition for activists if it took some of these arguments at length. When she does get on to some of these arguments she deals with them well. There are several examples of countries which had open border arrangements with former colonies. This article presents the case against immigration controls. Nation states, which are giving up controls on the movement of goods and capital, nevertheless still try to control the movement of people. Like controls under apartheid, immigration controls will eventually become untenable. They are also a relatively recent phenomenon. These circumstances have prompted scholars to call for open borders for people and for no border. In this article, I review the various philosophical and empirical perspectives based on which scholars have argued for open borders and no border. These perspectives include liberal political-theory, market-economy, political-economy, and other perspectives.
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Cohen, S. (undated) Imagine There’s No Countries: 1992 and International Immigration Controls Against Migrants, Immigrants and Refugees, Greater Manchester: Immigration Aid Unit. Deakin, N. (1970) Colour, Citizenship and British Society: An Abridged and Updated Version of the Famous Report, London: Panther. Open borders has no public mandate, but immigration policies that place the burden of enforcement on employers instead of migrants do attract overwhelming support. According to a survey by the Washington Post and ABC News, support for mandating use of the federal employment verification system (E-Verify), which would prevent employers from exploiting illegal labor, is at nearly 80 percent more than double the support for building a wall along the Mexican border. So why do presidential campaigns revolve around building a vast border? If open borders is a Koch brothers proposal, then what would an authentic Left position on immigration look like? In this case, instead of channeling Milton Friedman, the Left should take its bearings from its own long traditions.